WASHINGTON CITY: WEDNESDAY MARCH 2, 1864.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

IMPORTANT FROM THE FRONT The Movement Across the Rapidan Our Cavalry Operating in the Rear of Lee's Army!

Custar's Cavalry Have a Fight at Stanardsville.

Kilpatrick Reported Within 20 Miles of Richmond!!

New York, March 2 .- The Tribune's special Washing on dispatch says that columns of cavalry, under Kilpatrick and Custar, are operating on the flanks of Lee's army. The latter is said to have had an engagement yesterday morning at Stannardsville; while we hear of Kilpatrick at Spottsylvania Court House, and, rather inconsistently, within twenty miles of Richmond, on another road.

PRICE OF GOLD. [By the Peoples' Telegraph Lines.] New YORK, March 2 .- 9.30 a. m., gold, 59 %; p. m .- Gold 59% a60.

FROM CHATTANOOGA. Highly Important Report-Gen. Thomas

Advancing on the Enemy. CINCINNATI, March 1.-It is reported that the army of General Thomas has advanced on the enemy at Dalton, from Tunnel Hill. It is stated in special dispatches received here that General Thomas has been reinforced

by considerable numbers of men. If this is correct, a severe engagement will nevitably take place very soon.

THE DRAFT TO BEGIN MARCH 10. ALBANY, March 1.- The following dispatch has been received: " To Maj. Townsend, Assistant Provost Marshal:

"Be fully prepared to commence the draft on the 10th of March and to make it in every sub-district which shall not have raised its quota before March 1st. " Volunteers between March 1st and the 10th

mi y be deducted after the draft commences. "Make this known to the Governor. "JAMES B. FRY, Provost Marshal Gen'l.".

New York Municipal Elections. TROY, March 1.—At the municipal elections

held to day a large vote was polled. The Democrats elected their candidate for Mayor by seven hundred majority. Six of the ten Aldermen are Democrats and the whole Democratic city ticket was elected by an increase of six hundred over the majority of last year. LOCKPORT, March 1.—The entire Democratic ticket was elected to day by about one hundred and fifty majority.
YONKERS, March 1.—The Democratic ticket

for village officers has been elected by about one hundred majority.

ITHACA, March 1.—At the charter election to day, George M. Chain, Union, was elected by 71 majority, with the whole Union ticket except one trustee. The Union gain is 150. Oswego, March 1 .- At the charter election

to-day, Mayor Grant, Democrat, was re-elected by 50 majority. The Democrats elected three aldermen and two supervisors, and the Union men one alderman and two supervisors. Capture of a Notorious Guerrilla-Seizure

of Gold, etc. LOUISVILLE, March 1 .- The notorious rebel guerrilla, Col. Richardson, was captured on

Sunday south of Cumberland river, below Burkford, by a detachment of Col. Weatherford's cavalry. W. W. Gregory, who was sentenced for harboring and concealing rebel soldiers, took the oath prescribed in the amnesty proclamation, and was discharged.

Ten thousand dollars in gold, in transit from Cincinnati to Tennessee, was seized last night, being sent in contravention to the non-intercourse regulations.

Extraordinary Proceedings of French Frigates at Acapulco. WASHINGTON, Feb. 29 .- [New York World Dispatch.] — Highly important news has reached the Navy Department from our Pacific squadron, to the effect that during the latter part of January two French frigates entered the port of Acapulco, Mexico, the coaling station for San Francisco and Panama steamers, and proceeded to overhaul things generally, threatening to bombard the town if resistance was offered. They examined all the American vessels in port, and caused much consternation among other neutrals. The affair is regarded as a very strange, if not high handed proceed-ing, and may lead to considerable trouble.

Great Fire in California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 29 .- The Golden State has arrived from Panama. The entire business portion of Downieville, Sierra county, was burned last night. The fire commenced in the centre of the town, and spread with such rapidity that little property was saved. The loss is about \$200,000, on which there is very little insurance. The conten's of several cellars which were believed to be fire-proof were destroyed. But three large buildings remain in the business part of the town. Both newspaper establishments were consumed.

New York's Quota.

ALBANY, March 1 .- The commission appointed by the Secretary of War for determining pon the equalities of the enrollment in this State, have come to the unanimous conclusion that the enrollment was imperfect, erroneous, and excessive, especially with reference to the cities of New York and Brooklyn, and recommend that the quota of the State be reduced from 60,373 to 52,858, with corresponding reduction under the call of February 1, 1864.

Death of a Prominent Democrat. Boston, Feb. 29.—Paul R. George, formerly navy agent in New York under Tyler's admin istration, and a well known Democratic poli tician of New Hampshire, died on Saturday.

THE SUPPLEMENTARY LOAN ACT .- The bill supplementary to the Loan act having passed both Houses, now only awaits the President's approval to become a law. It is the same as published, with the addition that the coupon or registered bonds for the two hundred million loan, redeemable at the pleasure of the Government after any period not less than five years, and payable at any period not more than forty years from date, are to be paid in coin. It is understood to be the purpose of the Government to issue 5 per cent. bonds, payable In forty years, but redeemable at the pleasure of the Government after ten years, the princiil and interest to be paid in gold. No doubt is entertained that the bonds can be readily placed at par. The plates will be immediately eugraved.

MAJOR GENERAL GRANT APPOINTED LIEU-TENANT GENERAL.—The President by Message informed the House yesterday that he had approved the bill reviving the grade of Lieutenant General, and shortly after the President sent to the Senate the nomination of General Great for that position. The nomination of Major General Grant for Lieutenant General, which was sent to the Senate yesterday, was referred to the Military Committee, according to the usage in affairs relating to the army.

AN APPEAL FROM THE REGULARS. CHATTANOOGA, TENN., Feb. 23, 1864.—Editor Star:—Will you give room for a few words from a "common soldier?" I wish to speak on a subject of cons derable importance to a large number of men in the regular army.

Men enlisted in the regular army prior to July
1st 1961, are not allowed any bounty, sud this
evidently on account of an overlook on the
part of Congressmen. Allow me to lay before you a few reasons why they should be allowed the \$100 bounty, and leave the public to judge of the justice of the case, when they are told that regular soldiers are not allowed any

The recruiting for the regular army was very slow in the early part of 1861, but in

Appropriate Lorenty M. Mile.

Apri land May many old soldiers, discharged from regiments stationed on the frontiers, came to the States and enlisted. These men were at once assigned to regiments serving in the field, and may be said to have done active duty from the day of enlistment. Others, who were competent to act as recruiting sergeants, were scat-tered all over the country to recruit for the new regiments, and themselves placed in the field in September and October, long before any of the men they recruited were fitted for active duty, or in many cases had "learned their facings." Yet mark the difference—the one are allowed the bounty, the other not! Still another marked point in the case is the distinction drawn between "regulars" and "volunteers." Volunteers who enlisted prior to July 1st, 1861, are allowed the bounty, the regulars are not!

In this army within the past month, there have been a number of men discharged from the regular army who fought at Shiloh, Perryville. Stone River, Chickamanga and Mission Ridge, in some cases receiving honorable wounds, yet no bounty for them, they enlisted before July 1st. These men have been asked to re-enlist-their answer has been invariably, "No, we cannot enlist in a service where we are not considered equal to men who fought beside us." Are they not right?

I ask you cannot this insult to the regular soldier be remedied! I believe it can, by a just legislation, and only hope you will lay

the subject before your readers, and perhaps some patriotic statesman may see fit to take the proper steps in the matter. Unless something is done at once to cover the case, the regular army will lose every man enlisted prior to July 1st, 1861. A SUFFERER. I subscribe myself

SMITHSONIAN LEGFURES.—Prof. W. D.

WHITNEY of Yale College, will give a course
lectures on Philology come encing on FRIDAY
VENING, March 4th, at 8 o'clock. Subject of
ret lecture: "History and Objects of Linguistic
cience. Why and how (o we Speak English."

I. O. O. F.-GRAND LODGE.-A Special Meeting of the Grand Lodge, D. of C., will held on WEDNESDAY EVENING. March 2d, at 7% o'clock. A full attendance is desired, mb 1 2t P. H. SWEET, Gr. Sec. NOTICE.—A Regular Meeting of Journey—
men Coach Makers will take place at
Struckman's Hotel, 501 Eleventh street, on WED.
NESDAY, March 2d. By order of the President.
D. D. CLARK.
mh 1 2t*

The members of Columbia Commandery are requested to meet at the Asylum. corner 9th and D streets, on THURRDAY BVBNING, March 3d, 1864, in full regalia, preparatory to visiting the great National Fair at the Patent Office. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to join us. By order. mb 1 2t* L. HOLTSLANDER, Recorder.

ATTENTION. KNIGHTS TEMPLARS.—

You are hereby notified to attend a meeting of Washir gton Commandery, No 1, at the Asylum. corner Ninth and D streets, on TH URSDAY EVENING, March 3d, 1864, at 6 o'cleck in full uniform, for parade. All sojourning Sir Knights are invited to attend. By order.

JAMES R. REILY, M. D.,

mh 1-3t*

Recorder P. T.

SMITHSONIAN LECTURES—DR. R. SOL-GER'S Lectures on the "Races of Man" will be given on MONDAY, February 29th, and WEDNESDAY, March 2d. Admittance free The lectures will commence at 8 o'clock p.m. fe 29-3t GERMAN RELIEF ASSOCIATION FOR SICK AND WOUNDED SOLDIERS—The quarterly meeting of this association will be held on WEDNESDAY March 2d, at 8 o'clock, p. m., at the house of Meesrs Behrens & Vierbuchen, 442 th street A several attendance at the meeting is urgently requested, as besides the regular business to be acted upon, important popositions relat ing to the library are to be made.
fe29-3t* E COHEN, Corresponding Sect.

A SPLENDID OPENING—The Man of the People—Everybody's Friend.—Mr. P. Mo Guire having purchased the popular Bar in J. T. Wren's Billiard Room in Woodwar! Building, was honored by a call from his friends en masse, on Saturday night, a companied by a fall brass band of music. Mr. McGuire spreading the festive board for the entertainment of his friends in the most liberal manner, the table fairly creaking with the choicest viands, clgars, and every delicate refreshment for the inner man. Mr. McGuire is well known in Washington as principal bar keepsr at the Varieties, he has now hosts of friends, all of which are kindly invited to see him at his new bar in Wren's Billiard Room, Woodward Building, be-tween 16th and 11th, Pennsylvania avenue. Dramatic and musical profession also invited.

ICE CREAM, CONFECTIONERY, &c.—
Pers, Fairs and other entertainments furnished at
shortest notice and most reasonable terms. Ice Shortest notice and most reasonable terms. The Cream and Water Ices made by steam power, warranted to be the best in the city, wholesale and retail, delivered to any part of the city. Charlotte Russe, Jellies, Pyramids and Wedding Cakes made to order, at JOSEPH SHAFFIELD'S Confectionery, 386 Sixth st., bet. G and H. fe 11-3m*

ONE HORSE COUPEE.

We offer for sale cheap a One horse Coupee, close all around, with glass front and sides, and arranged to drive from the inside. Auct and Com. Merchants.

H. HOFFA,

DEALER IN WATCH MATERIALS, TOOLS,

CBYSTALS, FILES, &c. No. 337 Pennsylvania avenue, opposite Metropolitan Hotel.

mh 2-ly Washington, D. C. DISSOLUTION.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name and firm of Ludlow. Williams & Co., is by mutual consent this day dissolved. L. H. Ohunch retiring therefrom. D. P. Ludlow and L. J. Williams will assume the liabilities of the firm.

D. P. Ludlow.

L. B. WILLIAMS.

L. H. CHURCH.

Washington, D. C., March 1, 1864.

mh 2 3t* DISSOLUTION.

MARINI'S DANGING ACADEMY. Prof. MARINI has the honor to announce to the ladies and gentlemen of Georgetown that he will commence a new quarter for ladies, while the misses and masters on Wednesday, March 9th. During this quarter Mr. M. will prepare his pupils for his Grand Floral May Ball. A gentlemen's class will commence on We inesday, March 9th. 1864.

Barch 9th, 1864.

Days and hours of tuition for ladies, misses and masters. Wednesday and Saturday from 3 to 5 p. m. For gentlemen, Wednesday and Saturday from 8 to For particulars apply at the academy during school hours. mh 2 2w*

COAL !-COAL !-COAL !

WOOD!-WOOD!-WOOD!

I have just received bills of lading for two cargoes of very superior RED ASH COAL, which will arrive this week. I will sell it at a small advance if taken direct from the vessel.

I have now on hand

OAK, PINE AND HICKORY WOOD, and all kinds of COAL at the lowest market prices.
H. OLAY STEWART, Successor to Warder & Stewart, corner H and 12th ste.

ALPACA POPLINS.

PIPTY PIECES JUST RECEIVED, IN VERY CHOICE SHADES AND BRAUFIFUL QUALITY, AT 62 AND 75

These goods are particularly adapted to this city as they have a very high lustre, the dust can easily be shaken or brushed from them.

GTS. PBR YARD.

We have the same goods in Black, and also many new things in Black for Spring wear.

JOS. J. MAY & CO.,

308 Pennsylvania avenue. mh 2-2t Between 9th and 10th.

CIGARS :- OIGARS!! REMOVED-A BOGUS has taken the fine and capacious store on 7th street, No. 520, three doors above B street, and opposite the Mational Intelligencer Office, where he will keep on hand a large and fine se ected stock of CIGAES, TOBACCO and SMUFF; also, meershaum and other PIPES, to which he invites the attention of his customers, citizens and strangers.

A BOGUS,

**The company of the street in the street

between D and Ests. FOR SALE—Two elegant Single Light Silver-plated SHOW CASES, each six feet long. Can be seen at 232 Penn. avenue. mh 1-2t° HATS, CAPS, &c.

Just received, and constantly on hand, a large assortment of Bats, Caps, Military, Goods, &c., which we offer at the lowest each price, mh 1-st* M ME COURTRILLE, FROM NEW YORK, AT Miss Platt's, 246 Pa. avenue, between 12th and 12th streets, np stairs, offers a choice ascortment of Musics and Lace Waists, Capes, Real Lace Sets, Barbes, Vells, Handkerchiefs, graceful French Boop Phirts and Ladies' Underclothing. mh 1-3t*

PATABLISHED 1850
ISAAO HERZBERG & SON.

920,000 to loan in all su us on Watches, Jewelry, Diamonds, Silver Ware, Ladies' and Gents' Wearing Apparel, and for the purpose of enlarging our business. We have erected a warehouse and we now make loans on Merchandies, Furniture, &c., at our old established stand, No 351 Ost., betw 4% and 6th, rear of Matienal Botel. [uni-1-8m] I. HERZ SEEG & SON. This is to impose the dirizes of the District and the public generally, that I have associated with me as a pariner in the Hat. One and Fur business Mr. J. O Barrow, from and after this date the style of the arm will be T homish & Co.

T. REMIOK.

Georgetown, March 1st, 1864. mh 1 55*

of springs and the first of the district

OFFICIAL. Dismissals for the week ending Febru-

ary 27, 1864. Captain Thomas P. Stout, 22d regiment invalid corps, to date February 23, 1864, for conduct unbecoming an officer and gentleman, and ab-

sence without leave. Captain Frank W. C. Fox, 153d New York volunteers, to date February 25, 1864, for disloyalty and conduct unbecoming an officer and gentleman.

Captain John A. Brewster, 63d Indiana volunteers, to date February 27, 1864, for continued absence without leave and habitual drunk-Captain John H. McCune, 31st Ohio volun-

teers, to date February 15, 1864, for drunkenness, erroneously published February 23, 1861, as Capt. John Mann, 31st Ohio volunteers. Captain Gustave Meiser, 18th regiment in valid corps, to date February 22, 1864, for conduct unbecoming an officer and gentleman.

Chaplain Elisha F. Watson, 11th Massachusetts volunteers, to date February 24, 1864, for conduct prejudicial to good order and military discipline.

First Lieutenant Isaac M. Bebee, 12th regiment invalid corps, to date February 22, 1864. for unofficer-like conduct and inattention to duty, occasioned by drunkenness. Dismissals Approved.

The orders of dismissal heretofore issued in the following cases have been approved: Major J. Q. Anderson, 17th Pennsylvania cavalry, to date February 18, 1864, for having. in violation of existing orders and the customs of war, crossed the line of pickets, delivering and receiving letters from persons outside the lines: and

Major R. Reinhold, 17th Pennsylvania cavalry, to date February 18, 1864, for having sanctioned and authorized the same. Lieutenant John S. Veasey, 12th New Hamp.

shire volunteers, to date February 15, 1861, for leaving his command at Gettysburg, and not reporting to it since, although able to travel.

Dismissals Revoked. The orders of dismissal in the following cases have been revoked:

First Lieutenant Thomas B. Burrows, 18th United States infantry. Lieutenant Upton Wilson, 5th Kentucky volunteers, satisfactory evidence having been furnished that the charge upon which dismissal

was based was founded in error.

Restored to Commission. The following officers, heretofore dismissed are restored, provided the vacancies have not been filled by the Governors of their respective

Chaplain A. O. Brickman, 1st Maryland cavalry. Surgeon J. R. Leal, 144th New York volun-

Lieutenant Colonel B. L. Wiley, 5th Illinois cavalry, with pay from the date at which he rejoins his regiment for duty.

Lieutenant Colonel James M. Stevens, 55th

Ohio volunteers, with pay from the date at which he rejoins his regiment for duty. Captain W. A. Comi, 8th Pennsylvania cavalry, with pay from the date at which he rejoins his regiment for duty.

> SPRING DRESS GOODS. -1 #-

ALL THE NOVELTIES

THIS SEASON'S IMPORTATION.

We have just returned from New York, and are now prepared to exhibit a very choice stock of FRENCH AND BRITISH

DRESS GOODS

In new and beautiful styles, and at prices as low as they are sold at any of the large retail houses in

The ladies are invited to call. JOB. J. MAY & CO., 308 Pennsylvania avenue, Between 9th and 10th sts.

mh 2-2t NICTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

The firm of WARDER & STEWART is this day dis-The firm of warder & Stewart is this day dissolved. All persons having claims against said
firm will present them to me, who is authorized to
use the name of the firm in settlement of all claims.
Persons indebte i to the firm are requested to settle
at once.

H CLAY SCHWART,
Euccessor to Warder & Stewart,
mh 1-lw*

corner H and 12th sts.

PRENCH CHINTZ AND FRENCH CAMBRIC ROBES.

A great variety of the above goods in styles to suit all tastes.

Also, one hundred pieces of SPRAGUE'S PRINTS.

in styles and quality nearly equal to FRENCH GOODS.

Although we have to pay 24 cents by the case for the choice styles of this make we shall continue to sell them at 25 cents.

Twenty-five pieces 4 4 ENGLISH OHINTZES,

in splendid styles. JOS. J. MAY & CO. 308 Pennsylvania avenue, between 9th and 10th sts.

OPENING OF
NEW SPRING MILLINERY,
PANCY AND BEAL LACE GOODS, RIBBONS,
FLOWERS, &c.,
with a few very pretty and fine real French
pattern BONNETS, made by M'me Demeruei,
of Paris, on Thursday, March 3d, at
PRANKLIN BTOHISON'S,
No. 12 Capter Market Space,
fe 19 3t

Orand Equation

GREAT BARGAIN.—A New Grand Equare
Of PIANO FORTE, four large corners,
large serpentine mouldings, elegantlycarved legs, etc., is for sale by a gentleman leaving Washington, and is to be seen at Prof.
ALEX. WOLOWSKI'S Rooms, 316 F street, exprer
of 11th. Also one of George A Prince's new
splendid MELODEONS. Between 1 and 2 o'clock,
p. m. fe 29 lw

GRAND SPRING OPENING OP
NEW AND ELEGANT PATTERNS
FROM M'ME DEMORRS I'S
PARIS AND NEW YORK FASHIONS.

MARCH 18T. 1864.

AT MRS. M. M HINOKLEY'S,

No. 301 Pennsylvania avenue, (south side.)

Dress making in all its branches. Cloake and
Mantillas made to order. Prize Medal Skirts and
Corsets, Mirror of Pashion Skirt Elevators, &c.,
at 301 Pennsylvania avenue, between 9th and 10th
streets. WOOD, WOOD

WOODI

COAL!

COAL!

KINDLING AND STOVE WOOD! On hand, the best quality of all kind3 of WOOD AND COAL.

WOOD SAWED AND SPLIT in any lenghth or size required. COAL HOUSED.

well screened and prepared and sold at low rates. Wo Cash at office when ordered. AT .

> GALT'S, OFFICE-989 PERMSTLVARIA AVERUE, between 11th and 12th sts. Mill and Yard-Foot of 17th street.

fe 27-tf [Republican.] The Hests at Washington, and other Poems. By John James Piatt and Barah M. B. Piatt Bound in vellum cloth, on toned paper gift togs, \$1.

The Life and Adventures (songs, services and speeches) of Private Miles O'Reilly, 47th Regiment New York Volunteers with comic illustration by Mullen \$1.26.

Mailed free on receipt of the above prices, Just published, and for mile by HUDSON TAYLOR.

Bookseller and Stationer,

fo 24 by House SALE—

TOR SALB—
YARD, STOOK, AND FIXTURES.
The undersigned, desirous of quitting business by the let of May, offers his stock, vis.:
About 150 Cords of hest Raker's Pine,
About 500 Tons of Red Ash Coal.
Also, single assortment of Oak and Hickory World,
E. FOWLER.
To M-IW*
Bust side (b) street and Canal.

to the time ove famous & tourne

4 O'CLOOK P. M.

LATEST FROM THE FRONT. RETURN OF CUSTAR'S CAVALRY EXPE-

DITION. A REBEL CAMP DESTROYED.

HORSES AND PRISONERS CAPTURED.

We learn that Gen. Custar has returned to this side of the Rapidan, from his cavalry expedition, having successfully accomplished the part of the work which he started out to do. He harrassed the flank of Lee's army consider. ably, and near Stannardsville, surprised a Rebel camp, which he burned and totally destroyed; and captured a number of

prisoners, and got possession of a large num. ber of horses, and brought them back with him to his camp. These horses were in fine order, as they had just been returned to the army from the interior of the country, where they had been sent to recruit. Unster did not lose a man in the expedition.

We hear nothing further up to this time regarding the movement of Kilpatrick, who left on Sunday last to carry out an extensive plan of operations; but concerning which plan all the army folks arriving from Brandy Station maintain a prudent reticence. They, however, give the encouraging assurance that "everything is lovely."

A BOGUS MOSEBY MAN FOUND GUILTY OF HIGHWAY ROBBERY. Henry Irvin, of company D, 12th Illinois cavalry, was tried by a court-martial, convened within the lines of the army of the Potomac, upon the charge of highway robbery, and dishonorably dismissed the service, with the loss of all pay and allowances that may be due or will become due him, and to be confined at hard labor for two years, at such place as

may hereafter be designated. It appears from the evidence before the court that on the 6th day of November last, Irvin rode up to Mr. Enoch Fairfax and lady, when on the Fairfax road, near Anandale, Va., and drawing his pistol, demanded their money, saying that he was one of Moseby's men. The parties above-named, in fear of bodily harm. delivered to Irvin a roll of money, amounting to about \$50.

NAVY YARD. The gunboat Wateree, which has been at the yard for some weeks, yesterday received a draft of seamen from New York and this morning left for sea. It is thought that she is bound

for the Pacific. Commander Overton Carr assumes the duties of the Executive Officer of the yard to-day, and this morning he was introduced to the master workmen by Lieut. Commander Jones, who takes command of the Pocahontas now at Philadelphia.

PRISONERS AND DESERTERS.

Yesterday we mentioned the fact of the arrival from the Army of the Potomac of a number of rebel prisoners and deserters. They consisted of seventeen prisoners of war, eighteen deserters from the rebel army and four disloyal citizens. The prisoners of war and citizens were committed to the Old Capitol prison and the deserters sent to Alexandria, where they will be released upon taking the

REARRESTED.

A rebel officer, who made his escape by jumping from the cars wnilst being conveyed from Johnson's Island to Baltimore, was rearrested yesterday near Harper's Ferry and brought to this city. He was turned over to Col. Ingraham, who committed him to the Old

HANDSOME PRESENT .- This afternoon Mrs. Lincoln sent to the fair at the Patent Office four floral pyramids and two baskets, made from the choicest flowers at the White House conservatory. They were perfect beauties, and will doubtless realize a handsome sum when offered for sale.

Washington Money Market-Latest Quo-Furnished by Lewis Johnson & Co., Bank-

Buying. Selling. 111% New Certificates 99% American Silver 142a115 American Gold......157a158

NEW YORK BATES—SECOND BOARD. Coupon 6's, 1881, 111½: 7.30's, 111½; Certificates of Indebtedness, 99½; Gold, 159½; 5.20's, 107; Quicksilver, 60; Michigan Southern, 98½; Erie, 113½. CONGRESSIONAL.

XXXVIIITE CONGRESS .- FIRST SESSION. WEDNESDAY, March 2. SENATE.-Mr. Wilson, from the Military Committee, to which was recommitted the joint resolution equalizing the pay of soldiers, reported it back as a new bill. He also reported favorably on the bill relative to the appointment of cadets to the Military Academy. The House proceeded to the consideration of the House bill defining the jurisdiction of the United States Court of Claims, not to include

claims for depredation or destruction of property by the Army and Navy forces during the present rebellion.
Mr. Thomas, of Md., offered several amendments having in view the settlement of the claims by substituting some other tribunal. Mr. Wilson, of Iowa, opposed them on the ground that to pay the claims hundreds of millions of dollars would be required. Besides, there was not time, or sufficient data, to justify such heavy payments; and in his opinion to divert such large amounts from the Treasury would cripple the prosecution of the war. Mr. Thomas, of Md., replied, showing the devastations in Maryland, particularly in his

district, caused by our own army.

House.—The House took up and passed the bill appropriating forty thousand dollars, to be appropriated for military protection to over-land emigrants to the Pacific States and Territories.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS. LATEST FROM EUROPE. THE WAR IN DENMARK,

PORTLAND, ME., March 2 .- The steamship Damascus, from Liverpool on the 18th, has An attack on Duppell was imminent, but there is no news of its commencement. It is stated that the place is defended by 40,000

A NAVAL FIGHT.

The Prussians continued operations against the entrenchments and Duppel, but the thaw retarded the movement of the heavy artillery, and delayed the attack. It was stated that Prince Frederick Charles, of Prussia,4 will

command the attack. It is asserted at Reundsberg that the Prussian commander has summoned the Danes to evacuate Duppel, Jutland and Alsen, giving them very short time, and if they failed to comply, the Prussian army would immediately

occupy Jutland. The Danes were strengthening the defences of Duppel and Alsen. Thirty thousand Prussians are concentrated in the district of Sundersilt.

ALTERNATION OF STREET GRAND

through ber funnel. The Germans drove the Danish pickets from Stendwer and Nubel roads. The Danes subsequently rallied their force, when the Germans retired without offering resistance.

The position of the Germans in Braagerland

[By People's Line.] 54857 cts.

BAMPTON'S LEGION REPORTED BADLY WHIPPED BY KILPATRICK.

NEW YORK, March 2, 1864.—The Times of this

morning contains the following: WASHINGTON, Tuesday, March 1 .- The latest information from the Army of the Potomac is up to 9 o'clock this morning. Heavy musketry (carbine probably) firing was heard early this morning off to the extrame right, in the direction of Stannardsville; where it was supposed that General Custer's cavalry was engaging the rebels. Madison Court House, as well as Spottsylvania Court House, are in our possession. There is an evident disposition on the part of Lee to avoid a battle by keeping be-

heard from; the report is favorable. Lee's communication no longer remains unbroken. It was reported to-day at Culpeper that Hampton's Legion had been badly whipped by Kilpatrick, with a loss of several hundred prisoners, Hampton himself among the num-

hind his entrenchments. Kilpatrick has been

NEW YORK, March 2.- The Tribune this morning has a dispatch dated on the 1st, saying that Kilpatrick is reported within twenty. five miles of Richmond, and confirms the battle of Stannards ville. According to this account only a small po tion of the army is in motion. Cannonading was heard yesterday towards Orange Court house.

The waters of the Rapidan are reported six feet over the level of the day before.

FURTHER FROM RICHMOND.

BALTIMORE, March 2 .- From Richmond pa pers received at the American office, itappears that the torpedo boat which sunk the Housa-

tonic must have also been lost.

THE SINKING OF THE HOUSATONIC.

The Charleston papers of the 27th speak of having only ascertained the cause of the sinking of the Houstanic from captured Yankees. They had previously supposed that the vessel was sunk in a storm, and only learned that the torpedo boat had been successful ten days after the occurrence which it will be remembered was on the 17th. The torpedo was commanded by Lieut. Dixon of Mobile.

LOCAL NEWS.

BALTIMORE CONFERENCE M. E CHURCH.

This body assembled at 9 o'clock this morning in Wesley Chapel, and was called to order by Bishop Scott, who opened by reading the 12th chapter of 1st Corinthians, and giving out the 237th hymn, which was sung, and was followed with prayer by Revs. Isaac Oollins and Mr. Edwards. Rev. B. P. Brown here arose and on behalf of Wesley Chapel extended to the Conference

a cordial welcome. The roll was called, and the following ministers answered to their names, viz: Jacob L. Bromwell, Andrew J Myers, Isaac Collins, Jno. R. Effinger, Jno. W. Bull, N. J. B. Morgan. Thos. Sewall, Henry C. Westwood, S. M. Dickson, Jas. A. McCauley, L. F. Morgan, Wm. B. Edwards, Samuel V. Blake, Chas. A. Reid, Harrison McNemar, Wm. H. Laney, Randolph B. Murphy, Christopher Parkison, M. L. Hawley, Wm. S. Edwards, Jno. H. Swope, Jno. W. Start, Thes. Myers, P. D. Lipscomb, E. P. Phelps, W. M. D. Ryan, B. Peyton Brown, Thos. H N. Monroe, Jno. Thrush, B. Newton Brown, J. H. M. Lemon, H. N. Sipes, M. A. Turner, Wm. H. Chapman, H. C. McDaniel, Thos. F. Young, Thos. T. Wysong, Jos. P. Largent, Samuel V. Leech, and Geo. V. Leech. Rev. Wm. B. Edwards was elected secretary, and Rev. Henry C. Westwood assistant secre

tary of the Conference. Rev. Mr. Monroe offered a resolution affectionately welcoming Rev. Bishop Scott to preside over the Conference, and it was unanimously adopted. The rules of order of last meeting of Confer-

ence were unanimously adopted. Mr. Morgan moved the appointment of a committee to select the standing committees for the Conference. The hour of meeting each day was fixed at 9 e'clock, and the hour of adjournment at 1 o'clock.

resolutions:

Whereas a rebellion of terrible magnitude against the government of the United States is desolating a large portion of our country and filling the whole land with mourning. And whereas the discipline of the M. E. Church inculcates subjection to the supreme authority of the country, enjoins obedience to the powers that be, and forbids speaking evil of them that are in authority. Therefore be it Resolved, 1st, That Methodism is loyalty, and

the only true position of the M. E. Church is

that of strict allegiance to the rules and gov-ernment of the United States, and the Baltimore Conference, in Conference assembled, does hereby affirm her acquiesence in and support of the opinion thus declared. Resolved, 2dly, That, as ministers of the gospel, it is our duty to God and our country to discountenance all opposition to the Govern-ment; to de all a wise discretion will permit to promote its success against the armed rebellion that seeks its overthrow; and to pray most de-

voutly and earnestly for those in authority over

us, until violence shall cease from the land

and the Government itself be firmly and per-

manently established over all the States represented by the flag of the Union.

Resolved, 3dly, That as slavery is so immediately connected with the causes and prosecution of the rebellion against the National Government as seriously to excite the fears of the best and wisest statesmen whether the safety of the one can be maintained without the extinction of the other, and as it is so closely inte woven with the political economy of the nation that the interposition of the State rather than the church, except in individual cases, is absolutely necessary for its extinguishment; and as the State of Maryland is now earnestly engaged in devising means for its speedy extirpation from her borders, in the judgment of this Conference it is the duty of the church, acting jointly therewith in this movement, to contribute what moral power it may possess for the accomplish-ment of this object. We do therefore declare our purpose to stand by the well-known and long-established anti-slavery position of the M. E. Church, and do affectionately exhort our people to co-operate with all lawful and chris-

tian means for the emancipation of the country from so great an evil. Rev. Thos. Sewall said the paper involves a question with which all minds have been stirred the last two years. As the resolution involved important matters, he suggested the appointment of a committee of five, to whom shall be referred the paper and all others bearing upon the subject.

Rev. Thos. Myers was in favor of adopting

the resolutions at once. As regards their mer-its, he was prepared to vote now: but thought they should be matured by a committee. Rev. Isaac Collins thought they should be adopted, and suggested that the yeas and nays be taken, and that they be made the order of the day to morrow.

Rev. E. P. Phelps thought if they were referand if reported back in a modified form it would damage this Conference, and therefore he did not wish them referred, but made the erder of the day. Rev. J. Lanahan was opposed to the adop-

Rev. J. Lanahan was opposed to the adoption of any such paper without a reference, and he earnestly hoped it would not be adopted, or any paper like it, until a judicious committee had acted upon it.

Rev. Mr. Davis said this question was a grave one. To precipitate that paper upon the Conference at present might call out a discussion which would not be beneficial. A paper of that kind prepared by a judicious committee would have addit onal weight; and he advocated the appointment of a committee.

committee would have addit onal weight; and he advocated the appointment of a committee.

Rev. N. J. B. Morgan said he brought the paper here not for any hasty action. He did not suppose the first or second resolution would involve much difficulty, but there might be some debate upon the third resolution. He presented the paper with considerable reluctance, but brethren had for the last six months presed him to introduce such resolutions. Or in the district of Sundersilt.

A Copenhagen paper says the Danish Government has received no proposals respecting an armistice.

Very Latest, by Telegraph to Greencastle.

Copenhagen, Feb. 18.—The Danish monitor from-clad Krollkrake has attacked Engensund, and attempted to destroy the bridge erected by the Austro-Prussians in the Brager Peninsula, but could not get near enough to do so, owing to shallow water. She fired 75 shots, and the German batteries fired 150. One shot went

A. M. BERRENNELDE FECTS.

the church. Something must be done. W. have been charged too much with engineering things through in a secret way, and he thought there was some cause for the charge.

Mr. Lanahan said he wished to correct a statement of Mr. Morgan's, that there was any

was a desire to shirk the matter. Mr. Lanahan said he would not shirk the matter, but would in open meeting show his

position by his vote.

The motion to refer to a committee of five was then adopted. Other papers upon the same subject were introduced by Rev. B. N. Brown, Jos. N. Davis and C. A. Reid. The resolution of the latter authorized the appointment of a committee to

wait upon Gen. Augur and ask him to visit the Conference to-morrow morning at 8 o'clock. and administer the oath of allegiance to all the members of the Conterence. [Rev. B. Peyton Brown here interrupted the

oceedings by announcing to the members of conference that there was an individual in the com who was a pick-pocket by profession. Some one suggested that it was not so much profession as a practice, but that the party referred to was harmless, being a monomaniac on the subject of stealing.

The secretary read the following letter:

EXECUTIVE MANSION,

Dear Sir-I am instructed by the President of the United States to acknowledge your favor of March 10th, enclosing the resolution

and to thank you and them for their expression

JOHN G. NICOLAY, Private Sect'y The following is the resolution offered by Rev C. A. Reid, and which was referred : Whereas the failure to pass (at the last session of the Baltimore Annual Conference of the M. E. Church) resolutions of sympathy for the President of the United States, and pledging to him our moral support of all lawful measures having for their object the crushing out of one of the vilest Rebellions that ever cursed the world; and whereas the loyalty to the General Government of the United States of this venerable body has been seriously questioned for the reason assigned Therefore Resolved, That Major General Augur be, and he is, hereby respectfully invited to visit our Conference on to-morrow morning at eleven

ment of the United States. Resolved, 7 hat the Bishop is hereby requested to appoint three members of this Conference to carry into effect the aforesaid resolu-Rev. J. N. Davis effered the following,

The liberties of mankind, the stability of govrnment, and the interests of our holy christianity, demand that ministers of the gospel give utterance to moral and patriotic principles in such a manner as will elevate the people and strengthen the arm of government. It is their duty to give the weight of their entire influence in the maintenance of good government, and the upholding of the lawfully constituted authorities thereof. And he that offers resistance to, or withholds his influence from good governments, is guilty before God. See Rom.

carefully-planned and well matured rebellion for the purpose of destroying the organic and cognate laws of the nation that the barbarous institution of slavery might be perpetuated and a monarchial aristocracy established on this continent. Slavery having demoralized a large portion of the American people has at last lifted its bloody and against the life of our Republic. The tree that bears such deadly fruit ought to be plucked up by the roots. Slavery is an evil without mitigation or cessation, contrary to the aws of God, man and nature. Against this monstrous evil the Methodist Episcopal Church has borne noble testimony from the beginning. The old Baltimore Conference sounded the key note in the adoption of the following minute in 1780:- " Does this conference acknowledge that slavery is contrary to the laws of God, man and nature, and hurtful to society, contrary to the dictates of conscience and pure religion, and that which we would not that others should do to us and ours? Do we pass our disappropation on all our friends who keep slaves and advise their freedom!

Answer.—Yes." Therefore be it

Resolved by the Baltimore Conference, That we

pression of the rebellion. 2. Resolved, That the holy Scriptures and our

duty, as ministers, to inculcate obedience to government, and that it is the duty of all our people to inculcate the same sentiments. 3. Resolved, That the rebellion is groundless and wicked, and that the interest of our children, and our children's children, the welfare of the human family, and the spread of the Gospel in the earth, are intimately connected Rev. N. J. B. Morgan offered the following

twenty-third article of religion makes it our

4. Resolved, That it is the duty of the Administration to subdue the rebellion, and that every man, irrespective of his party affiliations, should give unqualified support in this just cause 5. Resolved, That we will not cease to pray to Almighty God, that he may ever preside

time-honored-anti-slavery principles, and advise all our friends to seek the extirpation of the evil of slavery, by all lawful and christian 7. Resolved, That hereafter we will not admit into the Baltimore Conference, or elect to

The seventh question of the minutes was taken up and the character of the following were passed and their relation as superanuated ministers were continued, viz: J. L. Bromwell, B. Barry, J. S. Sewall, A. Griffith, Isaac Collins, R. Barnes, D. Tront, C. McElfresh, C. B. Young, H. Leber, J. N. Hanck, J. Bunting, W. O. Lumsden, E. J.

Mr. Lanahan offered a resolution, which was adopted, requiring the presiding elders to find out the preachers outside of the Federal lines and that if they do not claim membership with this Conference that the amount appropriated for them be returned to the stewards at the next

meeting of Conference. Rev. Mr. Woodruff, of the N. Y. East Conference, Rev. Mr. Wyatt, of Wyoming Conference, and Rev. Mr. Jackson, of New England Conference, were introduced When the name of Mr. Bull was called as a

stood there were some statements to be made against him, and he wanted to hear them bere he left the room. Mr. Morgan said he had no statements to

Bull had worshipped in the Methodist Church in Alexandria. Mr. Bull said he had not, and hoped he never

Mr. Bull replied that he had, but he could not understand why a man should be taken to task for preaching the Gospel anywhere and to any people. He also intimated that he could tell things against Mr. Speake. Mr. Speake hoped the fullest latitude would be allowed Mr. Bull, and he stated that when

his name was called he would demand an investigation. Rev. E. P. Phelps said he thought it did matter where a man preached, for if his preaching to a certain congregation threw a weight of influence against the country and the Govern-

of the Baltimore Conference.

Other remarks were made, and Mr. Phelps desired to know of Mr. Bull, whether he would do better in the future, and if he could, whether he would always attend a Methodist church.

Mr. Bull said he never passed a Methodist church, except that one of Alexandria, and in that one he could not worship unless there was a radical change among the leading men of the church. He had strong antipathies in the matter and his self-respect would not allow him to worship there.

Revs. N. J. B. Morgan, E. P. Phelps and John Lanahan were announced as the committee to nominate the committees for this session.

EGGYBY BUNACL

desire to shirk the matter. Mr. Morgan said that there was nothing in his remarks to indicate that he thought there is very dangerous. LONDON, 18 .- The Rebel loan has advanced FURTHER RUMORS FROM THE

A motion was adopted that Rev. Mr. Prefty-man, who has completed his 50th ministerial year, be requested to deliver a semi-centennial

Washington, April 9th, 1863. Wm. B. Edwards, Esq., Baltimore, Md.

passed by the Baltimore Conference of the M E. Church, at its late session in Georgetown,

of piety and patriotism. I have the honor to be your ob't serv't,

o'clock, for the purpose of administering to this body the oath of allegiance to the Govern-

which were also referred:

There has existed and still exists in several of the southern States a wicked, premeditated,

have an undying interest in the preservation of the Union, and the maintenance of the Constitution over all the territory of the United States. and we will earnestly support the President in every lawful and constitutional effort in the sup-

with the restoration of the Union.

over, bless, and defend our Government in all its branches, Legislature, Judicial, and Executive, that our country may be speedily restored to peace, unity, and prosperity.

6. Resolved, That we will ever maintain our

ministerial order, either from the traveling or local ranks, any man of known disloyalty to the church or state.

Jamieson, James Turner, W. Champion, J. H. Ryland and Jno. W. Bull. and find from them their position and what Conference they claim to be connected with,

superannuated preacher, he made a statement that his residence was in Baltimore, and that he had been living there. He said he under-

make, but he desired to know how brother Bull stood, and he hoped that some one would state the subject. Mr. Phelps desired to know whether Mr.

Mr. Speake asked Mr. Bull if he had not preached to the seceders from the church in Alexandria?

influence against the country and the Government, the act was certainly reprehensible. As to the assertion that those to whom Mr. Bull preached had taken the oath of allegiance, Mr. Phelps held that that amounted to nothing, for a man who weuld raise his hand to tear down his government would not hesitate to perjure. Mr. Phelps said it was not simply the character of John W. Bull that was at stake, but it involved the Methodist Episcopal Church and of the Baltimore Conference.

Other remarks were made, and Mr. Phelps

PERSONS WISHING TO LEARN PER Box 561, Post 6800. Address for particulars

The benediction was pronounced by Rev. T. H. W. Monroe, and the conference then ad-